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and are long enough to allow adjustment for changes in draft, drift, and tide during the transfer operation:

- (b) Transfer hoses or loading arms are long enough to allow the vessel to move the limits of its mooring without placing strain on the hose, loading arm, or transfer piping system;
- (c) Each transfer hose is supported in a manner that prevents strain on its coupling:
- (d) Each part of the transfer system necessary to allow the flow of the product is lined up for the transfer;
- (e) Each transfer hose has no loose covers, kinks, bulges, soft spots, and no gouges, cuts, or slashes that penetrate the hose reinforcement:
- (f) Each coupling meets the requirements of §98.30–27:
- (g) Each scupper or drain in a discharge containment system is closed;
- (h) The person in charge of the transfer operations on the transferring vessel or facility and the person in charge of the transfer operations on the receiving vessel or facility have held a conference, to ensure that each person in charge understands—
- (1) The identity of the product to be transferred:
- (2) The sequence of transfer operations:
 - (3) The transfer rate;
- (4) The name or title and location of each person participating in the transfer operation;
- (5) Particulars of the transferring and receiving systems;
- (6) Critical stages of the transfer operations:
- (7) Federal, state, and local rules that apply to the transfer of dangerous articles and combustible liquids;
 - (8) Emergency procedures;
- (9) Discharge containment procedures:
 - (10) Discharge reporting procedures;
 - (11) Watch or shift arrangement; and
 - (12) Transfer shutdown procedures;
- (i) The person in charge of the transfer operations on the transferring vessel or facility and the person in charge of transfer operations on the receiving vessel or facility agree to begin the transfer operations; and
- (j) Each person in charge required in this subpart is present.

§ 98.30-25 Requirements for transfer; cargo handling system.

No person may transfer a product to or from a portable tank unless the cargo handling system meets the requirements in subpart F of part 64 of this chapter.

§98.30-27 Connections.

- (a) Each person who makes a connection for a transfer operation shall—
- (1) Use suitable material in joints and couplings to make a tight seal;
- (2) Use a bolt in at least every other hole and in no case less than four bolts in each temporary connection utilizing an American National Standards Institute (ANSI) standard flange coupling:
- (3) Use a bolt in each hole of couplings other than ANSI standard flange couplings:
- (4) Use a bolt in each hole of each permanently connected flange coupling;
- (5) Use bolts of the same size in each bolted coupling; and
- (6) Tighten each bolt and nut uniformly to distribute the load.
- (b) No person who makes a connection for a transfer operation may use any bolt that shows signs of strain or is elongated or deteriorated.
- (c) No person may use a connection for transfer operations unless it is—
- (1) A bolted or full threaded connection; or
- (2) A quick-connect coupling accepted by the Coast Guard.

§ 98.30-29 Piping incompatible products.

No person may pipe a portable tank with another tank that contains a chemically incompatible product.

§ 98.30–31 Conditions for pumping.

No person may start pumping a product to or from a portable tank or if started, continue to pump if—

- (a) There is an electrical storm;
- (b) A fire occurs-
- (1) On the deck;
- (2) On the vessel;
- (3) In the vicinity; or
- (c) The cargo hose ruptures or leaks.

§98.30-33 Warning signals.

(a) If the vessel is moored, no person may transfer to or from a portable